## Solve each problem.

## Answers

1) Two junk yards offered money for scrap metal. Junk Yard A's price is represented in the table below. Junk Yard B's price is represented by an equation, with y representing the total price and x representing the pounds of metal recycled.

| Junk Yard A |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Pounds | Total Price <br> (\$) |
| 1958 | $4,542.56$ |
| 1708 | $3,962.56$ |

## Junk Yard B

$\mathrm{y}=2.09 \mathrm{x}$

Find the total price you'd get from recycling 1446 pounds of metal at the cheapest junk yard.
2) Two companies are selling boxes of candy. The pieces of candy you get from Company $A$ is represented in the table below. The pieces of candy you get per box from Company B is represented by an equation, with y representing the total number of pieces for x boxes.

| Company A |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Total <br> Boxes | Total <br> Pieces |
| 14 | 322 |
| 20 | 460 |

Company B
$y=30 x$

Find the total number of pieces you'd get from buying 20 boxes of candy from the company with the most pieces per box.
3) Two companies are selling sugar by the pound. The cost of sugar for Company $A$ is represented in the table below, while the cost for Company B is represented by an equation, with $y$ representing the total cost in dollars for x pounds of sugar.

| Company A |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Total <br> Pounds | Total <br> Cost $(\$)$ |
| 12 | 3.48 |
| 15 | 4.35 |

## Company B

$y=0.28 x$

## Solve each problem.

1) Two junk yards offered money for scrap metal. Junk Yard A's price is represented in the table below. Junk Yard B's price is represented by an equation, with y representing the total price and x representing the pounds of metal recycled.

| Junk Yard A |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Pounds | Total Price <br> (\$) |
| 1958 | $4,542.56$ |
| 1708 | $3,962.56$ |
| $\mathrm{y}=2.32 \mathrm{x}$ |  |

## Answers

1. $\qquad$ 3022.14
2. $\qquad$
3. $\qquad$

Find the total price you'd get from recycling 1446 pounds of metal at the cheapest junk yard.
2) Two companies are selling boxes of candy. The pieces of candy you get from Company $A$ is represented in the table below. The pieces of candy you get per box from Company B is represented by an equation, with $y$ representing the total number of pieces for x boxes.

| Total <br> Boxes | Total <br> Pieces |
| :---: | :---: |
| 14 | 322 |
| 20 | 460 |
| $\mathrm{y}=23 \mathrm{x}$ |  |

Company B
$y=30 x$

Find the total number of pieces you'd get from buying 20 boxes of candy from the company with the most pieces per box.
3) Two companies are selling sugar by the pound. The cost of sugar for Company $A$ is represented in the table below, while the cost for Company B is represented by an equation, with $y$ representing the total cost in dollars for x pounds of sugar.

| Cotal <br> Pounds | Total <br> Cost (\$) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 12 | 3.48 |
| 15 | 4.35 |
| $y=0.29 \mathrm{x}$ |  |

## Company B

$y=0.28 x$

